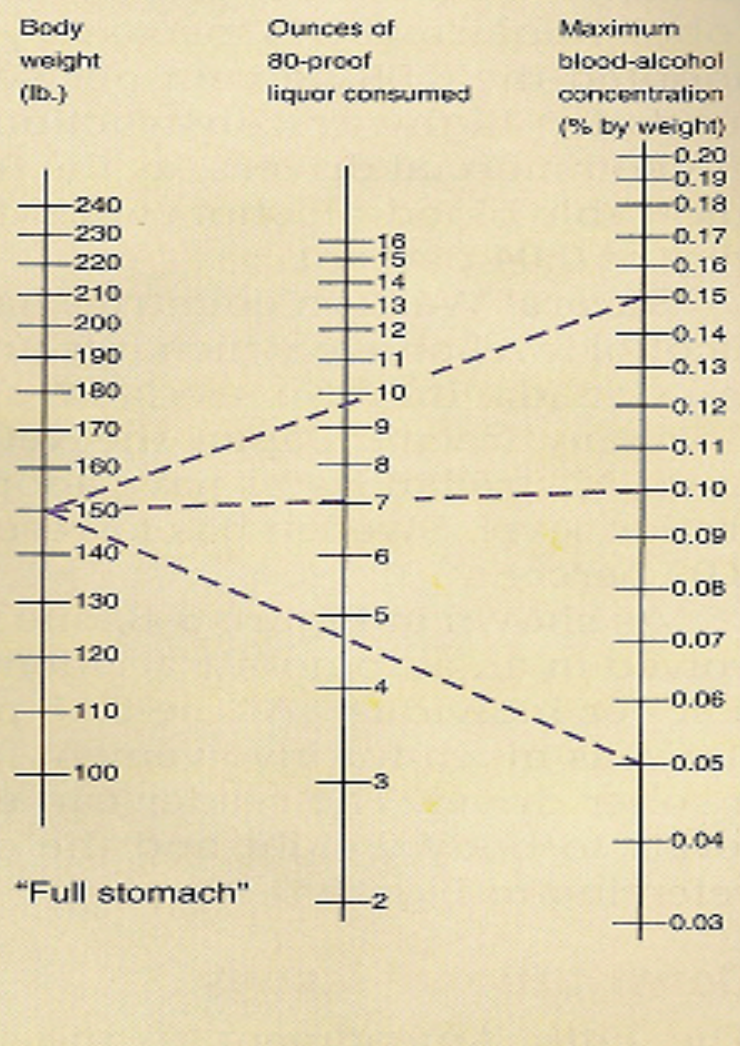
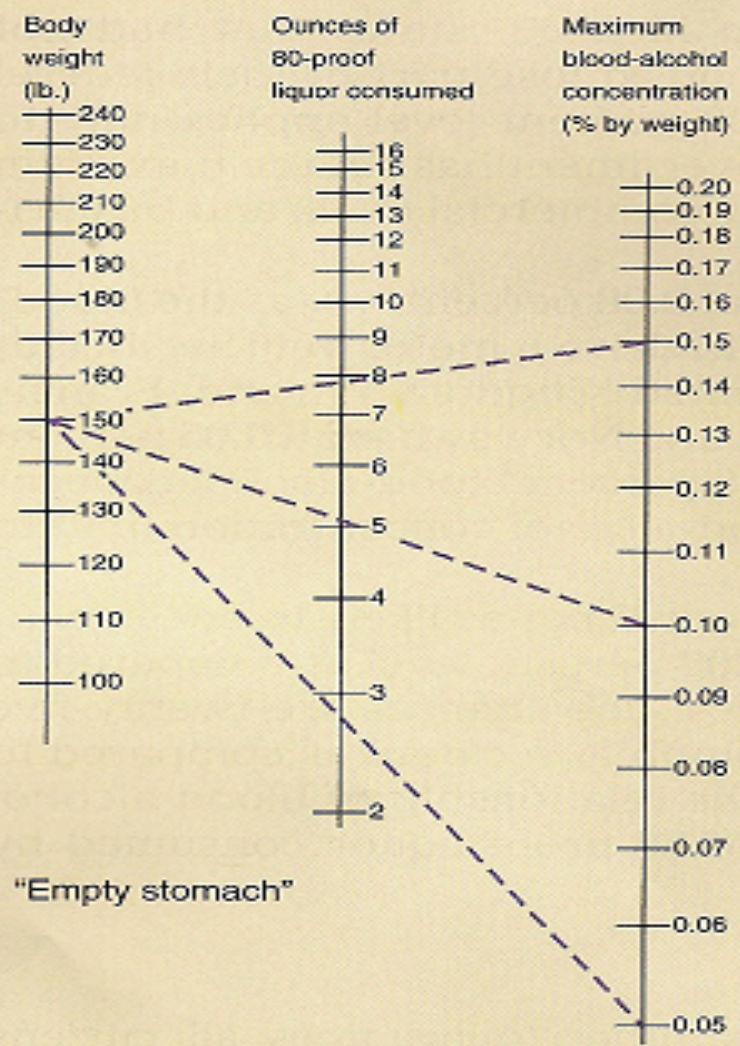
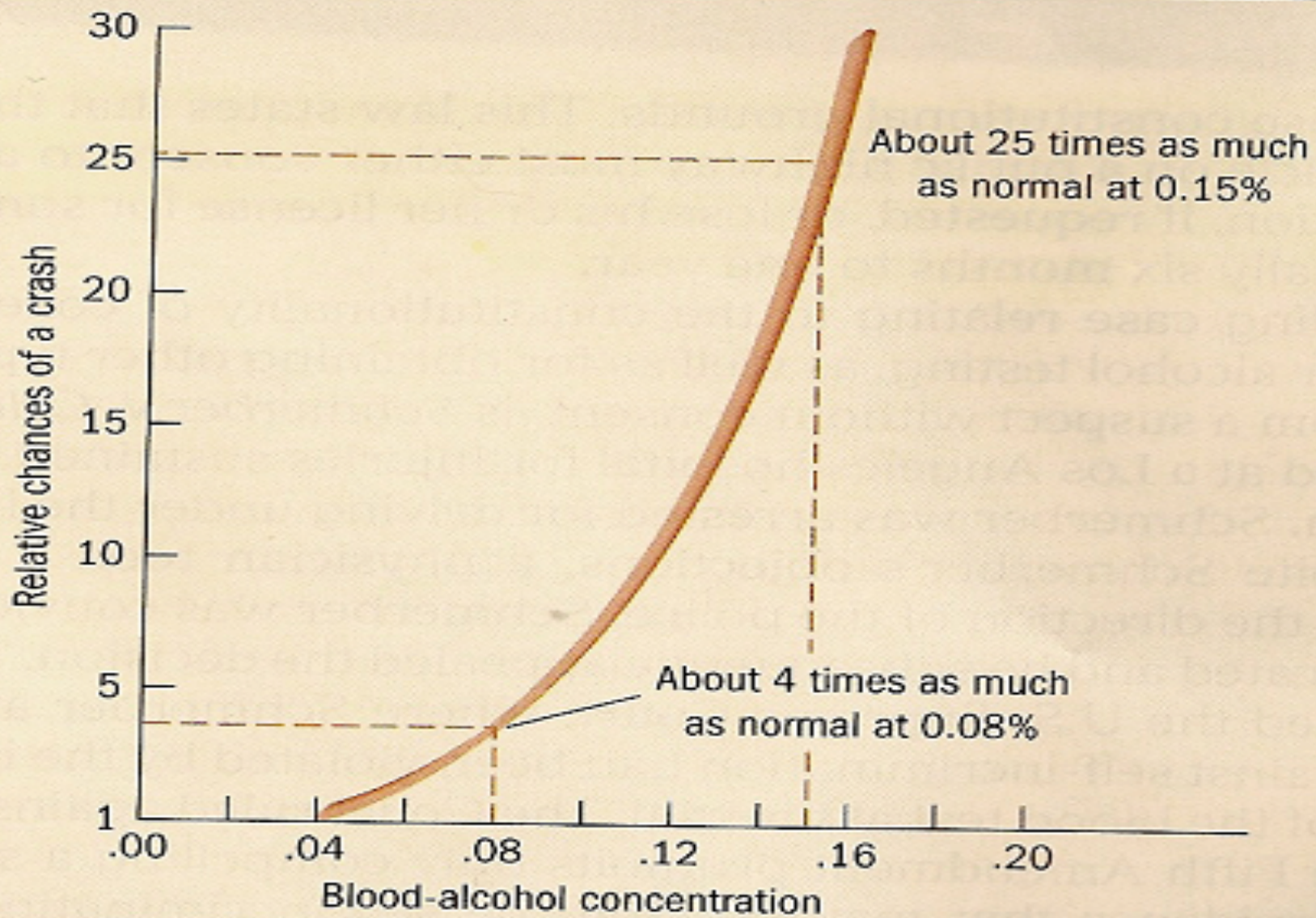


How to Tell What Your Blood Alcohol Level Is after Drinking





Blood Alcohol concentration and Clinical Symptoms in a Person Drinking 1 to 14 Ounces of 100-Proof Liquor

Blood Alcohol	Low-tolerance Drinker	High-tolerance Drinker	Drinks (ounces)
0.02-0.05	No noticeable effects	No noticeable effects	1-2
0.05-0.10	Slight effects	None to slight effects	3-4
0.10-0.15	Under the influence	Slight effects	5-6
0.15-0.20	Drunk	Under the influence	7-8
0.20-0.25	Drunk to very drunk	Influenced to drunk	9-10
0.25-0.30	Very drunk	Drunk to very drunk	11-12
0.30-0.40	Stuporous to comatose	Very drunk to stuporous	13-14

Slight effects: Flushed face; dilated pupils; euphoria; some loss of restraint.

Under the influence: Flushed face; dilated, sluggish pupils; euphoric mood; loss of restraint (person may be careless and reckless); slightly uncoordinated; thickness of speech; tendency to stagger on sudden turning

Drunk: Face flushed; pupils dilated and inactive; rapid movement of eyeballs; mood unstable and exaggerated; loss of restraint; clouding of intellect; thickness of speech; uncoordinated; staggering gait with reeling and lurching

Very drunk: face flushed or pale; pupils inactive, contracted, or dilated; apathy; mental confusion with disorientation; gross uncoordinated; slurred speech; staggering, reeling gait with a tendency to lurch and fall; vomiting

The concentration of alcohol in the blood resulting from drinking alcoholic beverages varies with the concentration of alcohol in the drink, the person's tolerance to alcohol, the rate of drinking, and the weight of the individual, along with other factors.